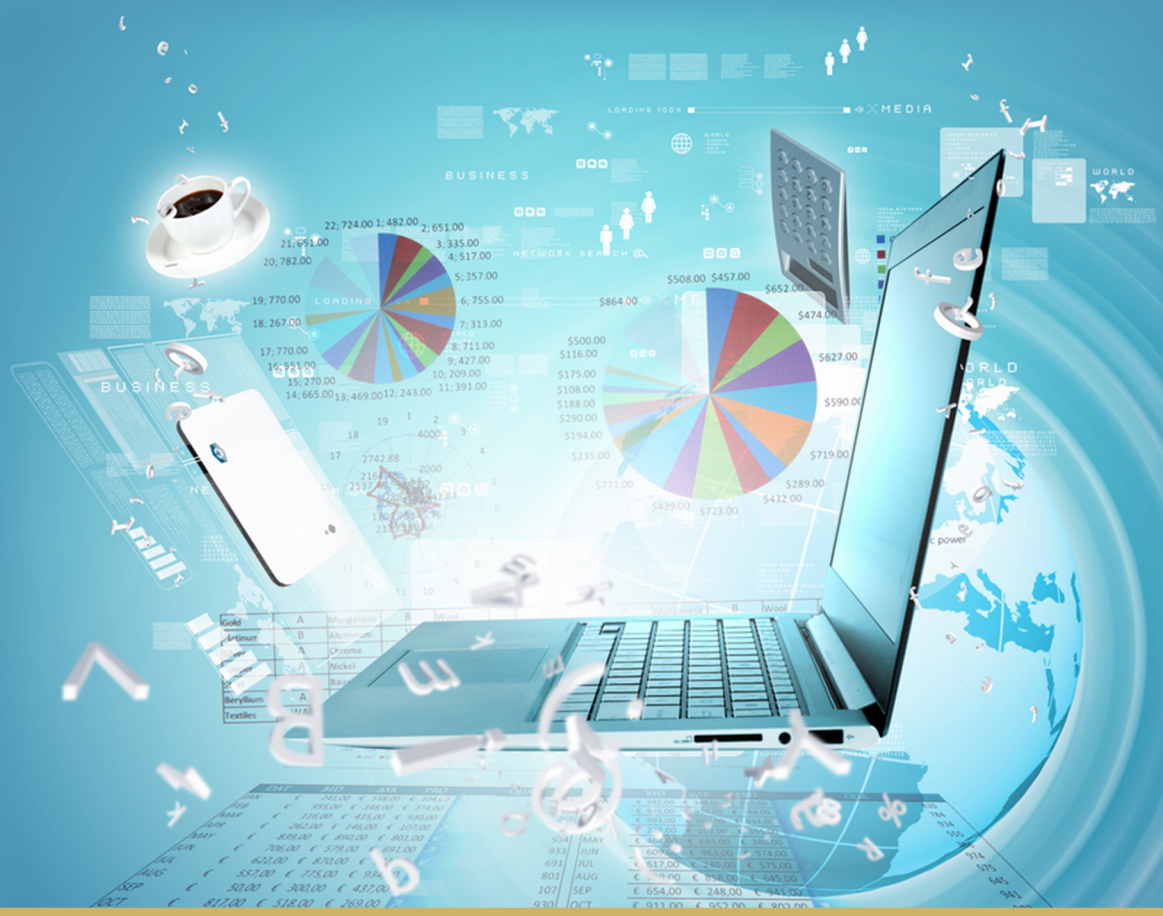
HOW TO BECOME A WILDLY PROFITABLE ONLINE ENTREPRENEUR NOW!

A year from now you will wish you had started today



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https://www.Online-Entrepreneur.biz

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Important & Fundamental

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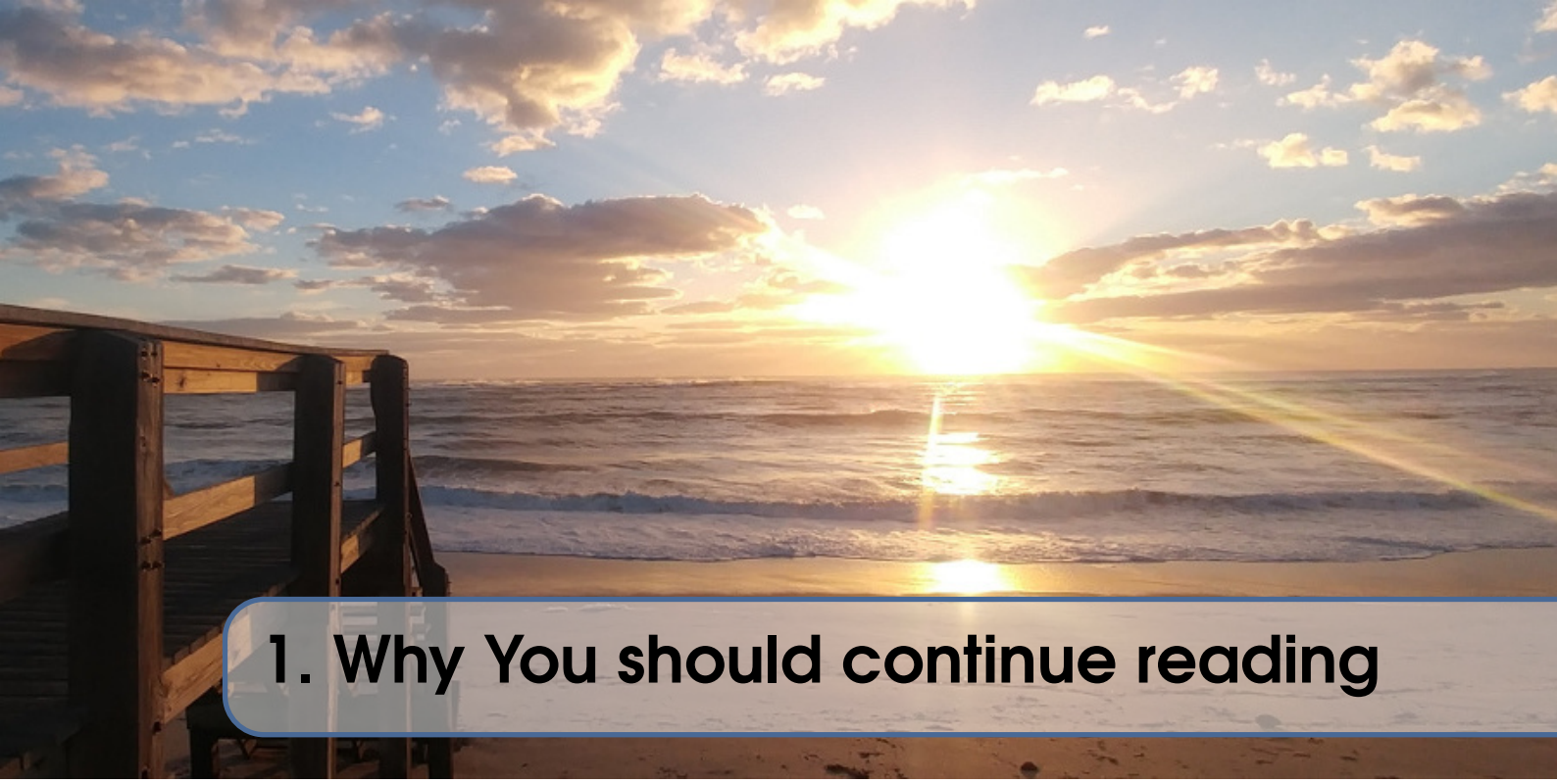

1. Why You should continue reading

1.1 Introduction & Current Situation

Please imagine for one minute where you would be today if you had started a year ago with full energy to build up your own business.

How much would you earn today? How often would you go on vacation this year and where? Where would you work today (at home, at the beach, in your own office with employees)?

How would you live (flat or house, car, relationship, friends, ventures)? How much money would you have at your free disposal in your account?

How do you feel when you think about it now?

Imagine that you meet your younger self:
What does it say to you? - Is it proud of you?

It is an age-old insight that life is constantly changing. However,

the years since December 2019 have shown us how much this can happen in a very short time. Do you still remember the world before 2020? It was a very different world from the one we experience today. How did you do during that time, how did your life situation change?

How do you think your life would have been if you had started writing down your dream exactly one year ago and then continuously worked hard every day to make it come true? Would you have more money? How would that affect your life now?

But difficult times also have a good thing: We think much more intensively about what we are doing or what we should be doing! Unfortunately, most people just live their lives aimless. They try to just survive each day instead of shaping the day because they have no real plan for their lives. Yet the end of life is predictable. Against this background and in the light of the special time since the beginning of 2020, doesn't it make all the more sense to be clear about one's wishes and goals?

Wishes are Important!

No matter if they are small or gigantic - without wishes we live into the day. Without wishes and goals, we have no plan. And without a plan of our own, we become part of someone else's plan....

The sentence on the cover is a quote from Karen Lamb: *'A year from now you will wish you had started today.'*

Many years ago I saw this sentence on a poster and I was shocked and inspired at the same time. I would be very happy

if this sentence touches you and triggers something positive in you.

1.2 Is this Report for You?

If you want to open up a new source of income for yourself, then this special report is just right for you!

It has never been so easy to become an entrepreneur and earn money.

The internet gives anyone who is brave and dedicated enough the opportunity to build their own business. In fact, you don't even need a special idea for a business any more, as there are ideas enough - many of which you will find in this report!

You just have to do what entrepreneurs do:
DO something!

This report is meant to be a catalyst for taking action. I will not only shed light on general things, but show very specific ways how to become self-employed in order to earn money - also on the internet.

We live in the 21st century. 'Going to work' has long ceased to be the only, and certainly not the best, way to earn money. In recent years, it has also become permanently more insecure. Whereas our parents and grandparents were able to work all their lives, often for one employer, this 'security' has long since become passé. Even companies that have existed for over 100 years have to give up because of the current situation. Those who do not have a Plan-B then can only wait to see how much

money they will be 'allocated' as an unemployed person.

Do you find this thought particularly appealing?

Take your time and read through this report at your own pace. Afterwards you will know whether you have what it takes to become an entrepreneur and what you can do...

1.3 Thank You!

Thank you for buying this report. Although the cost of it is very low, it certainly offers a lot of value. It contains many ideas and even complete instructions on how to become an entrepreneur. The information in this report is not cobbled together from dubious internet sources, but has all been tested and found to be good. I have tried many of the strategies myself with success.

Important: I am neither a lawyer nor a tax advisor, and therefore I am not allowed and cannot give any information about the legal or tax aspects of becoming an entrepreneur. That would be quite difficult anyway, as there are many different starting positions and also goals and lots of rules according to the country where you live. Moreover, a great deal has already been written on this subject. You are sure to find the right information that best suits your situation.

Let's start right away!

1.4 Who am I?

My name is Thomas Prosi:

I Help Businesses Get High Value Clients Using Digital Marketing!

In Berlin I studied **Informatics** (IT/computer technology), became a **cybernetics expert** & **software developer**. I have been doing **digital marketing** since 2002.

In the last years I have mainly worked with small and medium sized companies, helping them to build and optimise their online business.

Currently I live and work in Denmark and Germany. Due to the 'nature' of my business, I am able to travel a lot and always be where I want to be. And this without any disadvantages for my clients or me.

Increasing demand for coaching from 'not-yet-entrepreneurs' has made me think deeply about my business. I cannot accept every assignment in this business field. Therefore, for those who can't afford my **VIP Coaching** (yet), my strategies are now available in this special report. Please use this option to adapt my strategies and techniques for your own business and do it all yourself.

I sincerely wish you all the best and much success on your way to becoming an entrepreneur!

1.5 Treason?

Due to my **VIP Coaching**, I am often asked by people if there is a possibility to start small and teach yourself everything. Not everyone wants to start full-time right away, many want to earn something on top of their normal salary. That is possible, of course. In the current times, it's certainly also a good idea to have a Plan B in case your current employer doesn't make it through this year or the next...

In addition, we are currently experiencing inflation the likes of which have not been seen in many countries since the Second World War. For many families it will be a necessity to find other sources of income, even part-time.

I have therefore decided to no longer pass on my knowledge exclusively in my **VIP Coachings**. Instead, I would like to help as many people and families as possible not only to survive the current situation well, but also to emerge from it stronger.

There is a lot of information on the internet about how to earn money online. Unfortunately, this information is often copied together and rewritten several times by different authors, and so untruths and myths are increasingly spreading, and recently also business models that are no longer working as before.

This special report was written in late 2022 and was updated summer of 2023 and contains only strategies that can be implemented now. All strategies are currently in use and really work.

1.6 Disclaimer & Right to Success?

All information, tips and strategies in this report have been compiled to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Of course, there is no right to success - success must be earned, and it also depends on numerous factors over which the author of this report has no control.

Gendering

I do not use gendering in my publications. I find that gendering does not add any value, as it impedes a reasonable flow of reading and thus the understanding of what is being read. Anyone who is bothered by this should delete the report straight away and not get angry about it. All addresses to entrepreneurs are of course also addressed to female entrepreneurs, and all addresses to female entrepreneurs are also addressed to male entrepreneurs. I am for equality.

Glossary

All technical terms and some more can be found at the end of the report in the **glossary - registry**. Each time a term appears in blue, it is accompanied by a link to the glossary. There it is explained in detail and often there are also links to further information.

Suggestions

If you miss any important information, please send me an e-mail. I will be happy to include it in future versions of this special report.

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2. What You can do

2.1 An Anecdote about Luck

To begin with, a little anecdote on the subject of 'luck':

The professional golfer Bernhard Langer hit the ball into a tree at the 'Benson & Hedges International Open' in 1981. Instead of picking it up and playing on with an additional penalty stroke, he climbed up the tree, chipped the ball from the fork of the branch onto the green, holed the ball and thus saved himself a stroke. In the interview afterwards, he answered the question of whether he hadn't been mighty lucky with the following words: *"I've noticed that, too: The more I practice, the luckier I get."*

2.2 Offline vs. Online - The Difference

In this report, and elsewhere, it is repeatedly pointed out that **digital marketing** (**online marketing**) would work for com-

panies offline and online. To clarify what is meant by this, we distinguish as follows: An offline company is a company that runs a business that would work even without the Internet: Ice cream parlor, shoe store, delivery service, restaurant, craft, but also, for example, an industrial production.

An online company, on the other hand, functions only with or via the Internet, i.e.: Online store, online coaching, etc.

Both forms of business can benefit from this special report!

2.3 Offline Entrepreneurs and the Internet

What opportunities do offline entrepreneurs have to increase their sales and profits by using the Internet?

Many of the strategies in this report work for offline businesses. They may need to be modified slightly. Most businesses usually benefit from acquiring new customers:

More Customers = More Revenue = More Profit

If you run an offline business and want to increase your sales and profits, you should definitely watch my video about my **Marketing System**. Only those companies which have a proper system installed can profit from the internet.

Or make a no-obligation **telephone appointment** right now, and we'll talk about **VIP Coaching** and how I can help you reach and exceed your goals.

2.4 How to become an Online Entrepreneur?

An online business is by no means necessarily the better business option. The main advantage is that the investment is usually much lower. Sometimes you can get by with just a few bucks at the beginning, whereas an offline business practically always requires an investment, sometimes a very large one. Thus, an online business is a very good choice if you want to build a part-time income.

In this report, I cover numerous ways to become an entrepreneur with the simplest of means and a very small budget. Almost all of the strategies are technically simple to implement and require very little money. Those who also have a decent budget, can benefit by outsourcing various tasks to external service providers, and the business can be grown much more quickly via advertising. This is known as **scaling**.

However, getting started is very doable on a small budget, and in many places you can make up for a lack of budget by spending more of your own time.

Right at the beginning I would like to give a short overview of what you can do. Many think in the first moment of the obvious possibilities, such as becoming an **eBay**- or **Amazon**-merchant. However, becoming a successful Amazon merchant is neither easy nor cheap. On the contrary, you can invest a lot of time and money there without ever making a significant turnover. In contrast, often supposedly uninteresting methods or a small **niche** can lead to success much faster than the obvious candidates.

Please read through the ideas and strategies at your leisure and

don't decide too quickly. There may be a strategy that suits you, your current situation and your skills much better than an idea everyone is talking about.

Last but not least, I certainly welcome feedback! Do you have any questions? Would you like to see more content? Have a success story you'd like to share? I look forward to hearing from you! Please feel free to e-mail me through this link: **https://symlink.info/prosiinfocontact**

2.5 Physical Products

Online business ideas are very numerous, and new ideas are added every month. In this chapter, I would therefore like to group them together. In this way, the commonalities, but also the different nature of the business can be better grasped.

By far the top-selling market online is **physical products**. The name has nothing to do with products from physics. It refers to all products that *can be touched*. The term is a differentiation from products that are grouped under **digital products**. The biggest and, of course, the best-known player in this field is **Amazon**. However, there are also numerous other online retailers selling a wide variety of products. They range from items for a few cents to houses, yachts, air planes and more.

Many people spontaneously choose **physical products** because we are used to buying these kinds of things. Moreover, unlike digital products, there is a certain sensuality in selling 'real' goods that 'can be touched'.

However, the disadvantages of physical products cannot be

dismissed. In most cases, larger quantities of goods must first be purchased, and thus pre-financed. These products then require storage space. Even if this is delegated, for example, to **Amazon**, there you have to pay for the storage space monthly. The situation becomes more complicated when you produce your own products. Although here with good sales usually high margins are attainable, but if the product is *too good*, it is imitated fast by others.

I will discuss the advantages and disadvantages in more detail in a later chapter.

2.6 Digital Products

Digital products existed even before the Internet. Think of the time of ringtones, when you could buy 'funny' noises, singing or other sound files for a lot of money with the cell phones of the time. The delivery was then made after payment directly to the cell phone.

With the sudden spread of the Internet, the market for digital products exploded. This includes all products that exist only as files, such as music, e-books, online video courses and the like.

An unbeatable advantage of the product group **digital products** is the fact that they need to be created only once, and after that they can be sold as often as desired, without cost price. The advantage of easy copying is also a disadvantage. However, product piracy already existed with audio cassettes and of course it also exists with CDs and DVDs and even many

high-priced products such as perfumes and even technical components.

For newcomers, own **digital products** are very suitable, because they require only small investments. Those with a decent budget can use it to give marketing a big boost. Which product groups there are and how they are created and marketed will be discussed in a later chapter.

2.7 Coaching

The area that has seen the greatest percentage growth in recent years is **coaching**. This term covers numerous products and also different types of delivery.

Coaching is much more than is apparent at first glance. Most people imagine coaching as a situation where people in suits, spread wisdom in meetings. But this has not been the case for a long time. We need to define the term **coaching** much more broadly.

The person who does the **coaching** is called a **consultant**.

A consultant is someone who gives advice to a specific group of people. This definition is a bit more current and better captures the work of consultants. But why would anyone want to hire a consultant and buy advice in the first place? There are actually several reasons. The first is that the client cannot achieve the desired goal on his own because he lacks the knowledge. Another reason may be that the customer wants to achieve his goal faster than would be possible without a consultant. And then there is the possibility that the customer wants to have a

proven system that he can follow instead of having to figure out all the paths and tricks on his own.

Furthermore, the delivery method has also changed significantly. While in the past the scenario described above was the normal case, today there are significantly more ways to perform **coaching**. One can perform a task **for a customer**, solve it **with the customer**, perform **1 on 1 - coaching**, do **group coaching** or offer whole **online seminars**, where the customer gets the information he wants most, at his own pace. We also go into coaching in more detail later.

2.8 Affiliates

An easy way to earn money online is to work as an **affiliate** (partner). This term is mainly at home in the online world and describes the process by which the **affiliate** sells products or services of other companies. For each sale the **affiliate** receives a commission.

In practice, this can look like this, for example, that the **affiliate** runs a blog on a special topic (eg: fitness). On his blog he then places advertising in the form of banners or ad texts. If a customer buys through a special link, the **affiliate** receives a commission, which can be up to 50% of the price. For the buyer it is irrelevant whether he buys from the company directly or via an **affiliate** link. The product and the price are the same in each case. The customer usually has nothing to do with the **affiliate** either. Both, the delivery of the product, as well as any questions are dealt with directly between the customer and the product provider. In this respect, the **affiliate** has no work on/with the product or the customer other than marketing. He also offers no support.

This form of online business has the great advantage for the **affiliate** that he does not have to develop his own products or services. In addition, there is a wide range of companies that have **affiliate** programs. So the **affiliate** can choose a topic that interests him and work in that area. Some of the links in my publications are also **affiliate** links. If you buy something through such a link within a period of, say, 30-90 days after the initial visit, I receive a commission.

2.9 Freelancer

Freelancer is the term used to describe people who work on a self-employed basis. This term is used for a variety of work relationships, but is interpreted differently online. While a traditional freelancer often works for various companies in a quasi-fixed collaboration, an online **freelancer** usually offers his work on various platforms.

A client looking for a new logo for his company, for example, can find a suitable **freelancer** on one of these platforms and place the order with him. In most cases, the price and delivery terms are fixed from the beginning.

The advantage for the customer is usually a much lower price than if he went through traditional channels. This is mainly due to the huge number of competitors, as well as a wage gap from high-wage countries such as Germany to low-wage countries such as are often found in Asia.

Building a second income as a **freelancer** may be a good idea for people who have free times throughout their day but do not want to or cannot leave the house, such as single parents with young children. So a **freelancer** can take a job, and then do that job when there is time. The general disadvantage, however, is the significantly lower price per job performed compared to a traditional employee relationship or as a freelancer with their own office and employees.

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3. Business in Detail

In this chapter I will now look in detail at the different business ideas, sorted by type of business. After working through this chapter, you should be able to decide on a model.

Please remember: You do not marry the business idea!

It is better to decide and get going, and then change your mind again at some point, than to be stuck in the decision-making process forever. Don't make the mistake of trying to decide everything yourself in advance in your head. If you are not sure, ask friends or acquaintances how much they like your product idea and whether they would buy it.

No top idea is created exclusively in the head without trying it out in reality. Even if we perceive a product as perfect, it certainly wasn't perfect in the first version.

Have Fun and Success with Your Decision Process!

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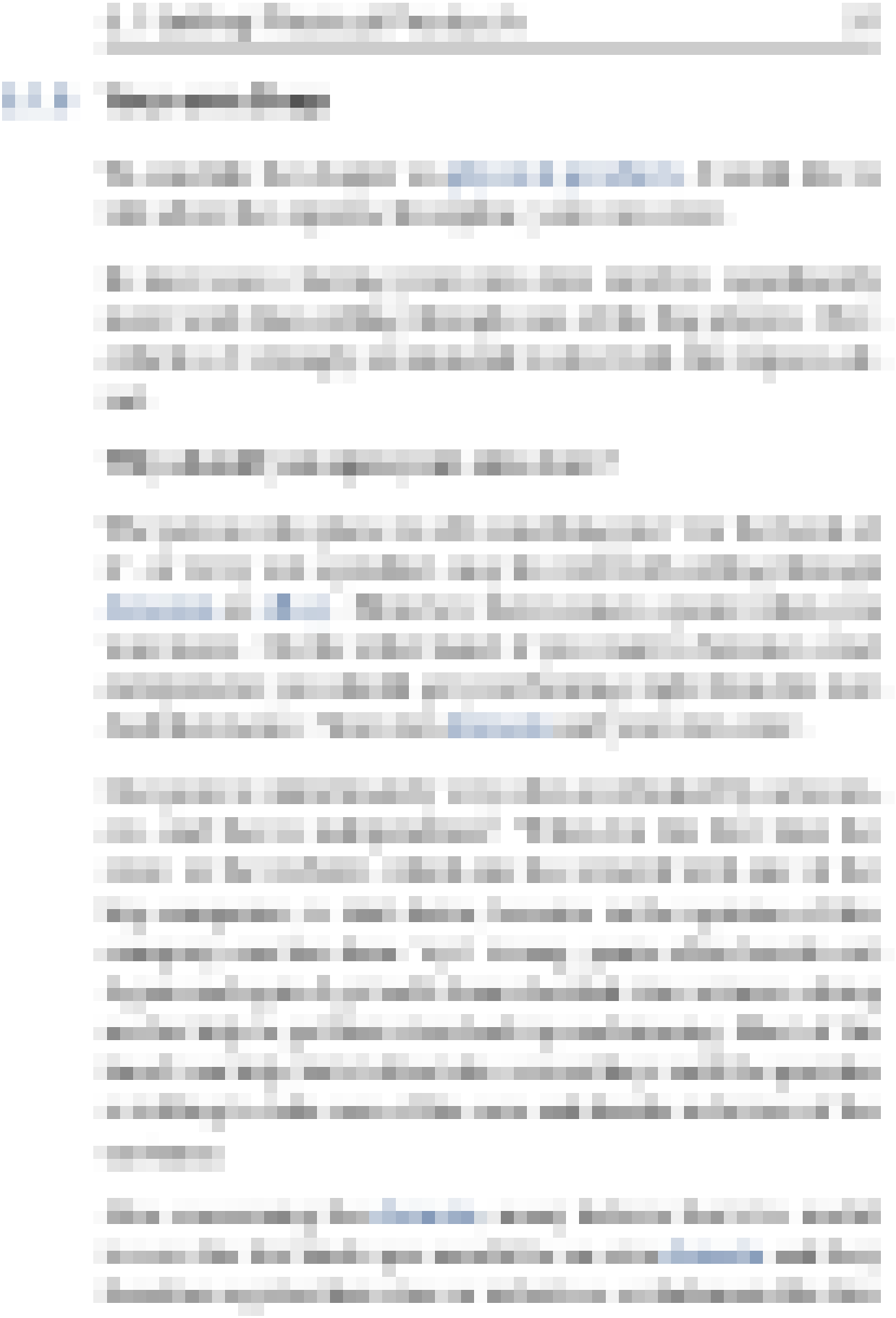

The Increasing Importance of Computer Science

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Building Blocks: Bits and Bytes

Modern computers store and process information represented as high and low electronic signals. This lowest level representation is easy for machines to generate and detect. We group these signals into units of eight, called bits, and refer to each such group as a byte.

Different programs access different amounts of memory when storing data. We allocate memory in units of bytes, and we can access memory starting from the byte specified by an address. We can think of the memory as a very large array, with the address of each byte serving as its index.

The machine instructions that a computer executes perform only very simple operations on data stored in memory. For example, they might add two numbers, move a value from one memory location to another, or determine whether a value is zero. Machine instructions are encoded as sequences of bytes, and the computer's processor reads and interprets these instructions one at a time.

A machine-level program specifies a sequence of low-level instructions, such as adding numbers, moving data between memory locations, and jumping to a different instruction based on some condition. Compilers and other tools generate machine-level programs from high-level descriptions written by programmers.

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Introduction to Data Science

Data Science is a multidisciplinary field that combines statistics, computer science, and domain expertise to extract insights from data. The rapid growth of digital information has made data science one of the most in-demand skills in the modern workplace. Organizations across every industry now rely on data scientists to make sense of the vast amounts of information they collect daily.

In this chapter, we will explore the fundamentals of data science, including its core components, the skills required to practice it, and the ethical considerations that accompany data-driven decision making.

What Is Data Science?

Data Science is the study of where information comes from, what it represents, and how it can be turned into valuable insights that support decision making. It provides a systematic approach to asking questions, collecting evidence, and drawing conclusions from data.

Data Science is not a single discipline but a combination of several fields working together. The goal is to transform raw data into knowledge that can be used to solve problems and make predictions.

Why Data Science Matters

Data Science matters because it allows organizations to make decisions based on evidence rather than intuition. Companies that adopt data-driven approaches can identify customer preferences, optimize operations, detect fraud, and predict future trends with greater accuracy.

Beyond business applications, data science also plays a critical role in healthcare, scientific research, public policy, and environmental monitoring. The ability to analyze large datasets has enabled breakthroughs in medicine, climate modeling, and social research.

The Data Science Process

The data science process typically follows a structured sequence of steps. It begins with defining the problem and collecting relevant data, then moves through cleaning and exploration, modeling and analysis, and finally communicating the results to stakeholders.

Each step in the process depends on the previous one. Skipping any step can lead to incorrect conclusions or wasted effort. The iterative nature of the process allows analysts to refine their approach as they learn more about the data.

Core Skills in Data Science

Data Science requires a combination of technical skills and analytical thinking. The technical skills include programming, statistics, and data visualization. The analytical skills include the ability to frame questions, evaluate evidence, and communicate results clearly.

Programming skills are essential for working with large datasets and automating repetitive tasks. Statistics provides the mathematical foundation for drawing conclusions from data and measuring the uncertainty in those conclusions.

Ethics in Data Science

Data Science raises important ethical questions about privacy, bias, and the responsible use of information. Collecting personal data without consent, using biased datasets to train models, and making decisions that affect people without transparency are all ethical concerns that practitioners must address.

Responsible data science requires careful attention to how data is collected, how it is stored, and how the results are used. The goal is to maximize the benefit to society while minimizing the harm that can result from misuse of data.

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Local Processing

Data collected by sensors and local computing devices may contain personal information, such as location data, biometric readings, or behavioral patterns. Processing this data locally on the device rather than transmitting it to a central server reduces the exposure of sensitive information to third parties. Local processing also allows the device to make decisions based on the data without requiring a network connection, which is important in environments where connectivity is unreliable or unavailable.

Edge computing, a broader concept that includes local processing, distributes computational tasks across a network of devices and servers so that data is processed closer to its source. This approach reduces latency, bandwidth usage, and the dependence on centralized infrastructure. Edge computing is increasingly used in industrial monitoring, autonomous vehicles, and smart infrastructure.

The use of machine learning on edge devices has made it possible to perform complex analysis without sending raw data to a server. Techniques such as model compression and quantization allow large neural networks to run on devices with limited memory and processing power. This capability is important for applications in healthcare, where patient data must remain on the device to comply with privacy regulations, and in industrial settings, where real-time decisions are required.

Data aggregation is a common technique used in local processing to reduce the amount of information that must be transmitted. Instead of sending every individual measurement, the device may send summary statistics such as averages, maximums, or counts over a time period. This approach reduces bandwidth consumption and makes it easier to detect patterns in the data. However, aggregation also reduces the granularity of the information, which may limit the ability to detect rare events or anomalies.

Data collection from sensors and local processing are the first steps in the data science pipeline. The quality of the data collected at the source determines the reliability of all subsequent analysis and decision-making. Ensuring that sensors are calibrated, that data is stored in a consistent format, and that processing algorithms are tested against known inputs is essential for building trustworthy systems.

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